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## **Guide for the statistical analysis of electrical insulation breakdown data**



Commission Electrotechnique Internationale  
International Electrotechnical Commission  
Международная Электротехническая Комиссия



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**GUIDE FOR THE STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF ELECTRICAL INSULATION  
BREAKDOWN DATA**

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IEEE Std	FDIS	Report on voting
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# **IEEE Guide for the Statistical Analysis of Electrical Insulation Breakdown Data**

Sponsor

**Statistical Technical Committee  
of the  
IEEE Dielectrics and Electrical Insulation Society**

Approved 29 March 2005

**American National Standards Institute**

Approved 23 September 2004

**IEEE-SA Standards Board**

**Abstract:** This guide describes, with examples, statistical methods to analyze times to break down and breakdown voltage data obtained from electrical testing of solid insulating materials, for purposes including characterization of the system, comparison with another insulator system, and prediction of the probability of breakdown at given times or voltages.

**Keywords:** breakdown voltage and time, Gumbel, Lognormal distributions, statistical methods, statistical confidence limits, Weibull

## IEEE Introduction

This introduction is not part of IEEE Std 930-2004, IEEE Guide for the Statistical Analysis of Electrical Insulation Breakdown Data.

Endurance and strength of insulation systems and materials subjected to electrical stress may be tested using constant stress tests in which times to breakdown are measured for a number of test specimens, and progressive stress tests in which breakdown voltages may be measured. In either case it will be found that a different result is obtained for each specimen and that, for given test conditions, the data obtained may be represented by a statistical distribution.

Failure of solid insulation can be mostly described by extreme-value statistics, such as the Weibull and Gumbel distributions, but, historically, also the lognormal function has been used. Methods for determining whether data fit to either of these distributions, graphical and computer-based techniques for estimating the most likely parameters of the distributions, computer-based techniques for estimating statistical confidence intervals, and techniques for comparing data sets and some case studies are addressed in this guide.

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# GUIDE FOR THE STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF ELECTRICAL INSULATION BREAKDOWN DATA

## 1. Scope

Electrical insulation systems and materials may be tested using constant stress tests in which times to breakdown are measured for a number of test specimens, and progressive stress tests in which breakdown voltages may be measured. In either case, it will be found that a different result is obtained for each specimen and that, for given test conditions, the data obtained may be represented by a statistical distribution. This guide describes, with examples, statistical methods to analyze such data.

The purpose of this guide is to define statistical methods to analyze times to breakdown and breakdown voltage data obtained from electrical testing of solid insulating materials, for purposes including characterization of the system, comparison with another insulator system, and prediction of the probability of breakdown at given times or voltages.

Methods are given for analyzing complete data sets and also censored data sets in which not all the specimens broke down. The guide includes methods, with examples, for determining whether the data is a good fit to the distribution, graphical and computer-based techniques for estimating the most likely parameters of the distribution, computer-based techniques for estimating statistical confidence intervals, and techniques for comparing data sets and some case studies. The methods of analysis are fully described for the Weibull distribution. Some methods are also presented for the Gumbel and lognormal distributions. All the examples of computer-based techniques used in this guide may be downloaded from the following web site “<http://grouper.ieee.org/groups/930/IEEEGuide.xls>.” Methods to ascertain the short time withstand voltage or operating voltage of an insulation system are not presented in this guide. Mathematical techniques contained in this guide may not apply directly to the estimation of equipment life.

## 2. References

The following publications may be used when applicable in conjunction with this guide. When the following standards are superseded by an approved revision, the revision shall apply.

ASTM D149-97a(2004) Standard Test Method for Dielectric Breakdown Voltage and Dielectric Strength of Solid Electrical Insulating Materials at Commercial Power Frequencies.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>ASTM publications are available from the American Society for Testing and Materials, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, USA (<http://www.astm.org/>).



BS 2918-2, Methods of test for electric strength of solid insulating materials.<sup>2</sup>

IEC 60243 series, Electrical strength of insulating materials—Test Methods—Part 1: Tests at power frequencies.<sup>3</sup>